Report of Nepal for wwc:2016

Introduction:

Nepal is an agricultural developing federal republic country. It is made of three regions- hill, himalaya and tarai. Its three boundaries- south, east and west, are demarcated with India where as only one boundary north is only touched with China. Thus, it is between two big countries. Its area is 147,181 sq km. Its total population is 264,945,04 of which female population is 136,454,63(51.50%) and male population is 128,490,41 (48.50%). The literacy rate of male is 75.1% and female is 57..4%. The Crude Birth Rate is 21.8%, Crude Death Rate is 7.3%, Infant Mortality Rate is 40.5%, Total Fertility Rate is 2.5%, Average Life Expectancy at birth is 66.6% (Male 65.5%, Female 67.9%)

Nepal is reputed for its highest peak of the world, Mt. Everest-8848m from sea level and the birth place of Gautama Buddha. Nepal is a cultural harmonious country of multi-caste, multi-language and multi-religion. There are 125 castes and ethnicities, 123 languages and 10 different religions living with harmony. (Sourses: Central Bureau of Statistics, 2011)

Situation of Women

The women are in dual exploitation due to patriarchal and semi-feudal society. They are being bulldogged of injustice, tyranny, oppression, suppression and inequality. Gender violence is far and wide. Its different kinds are: 1. Brutally beating and killing 2. Kidnapping 3. Domestic violence 4. Rape and sexual exploitation 5. Girls trafficking 6. Embryo carnage 7. Forcibly engaging in brothel 8. Witchcraft blaming and bullying 9. Traditional exploitation system like *Chaupadi*, *badi*, *jhuma*, *deuki*, multi-marriage, unequal-marriage, child-marriage, dowry, mantilla and so on. Thus, women are socially, politically, economically and religiously exploited and prejudiced.

Situation of Gender Violence:

- 1. 35% women are bullied with one another.
- 2. 40% women are mentally bullied.
- 3. 26.8% women are directly bullied.
- 4. 15.2% women are sexually bullied.
- 5. 8% women are economically bullied.

Political Situation of Women: There were only 197(32.78%) of female representation out of 601 direct and proportional Parliamentarian Members in 2007 (B.S.2064) constituent assembly election where as in second constituent assembly election had only 176 (29.48%) female representation out of 601 direct and proportional Parliamentarian Members.

Struggle of Women

Women have been actively participating in every movement whether for national sovereignty or women right or Nalapani Frontier. Similarly, they have also shown black flag against Delli - treaty at time of Nehru's visit in Nepal in 2008. They have also actively and decisively participated in different movements very responsibly like in 2007 against Rana oligarchy, in 1960 (B.S. 2017) against Panchayat autocracy, in 1989 (B.S. 2046) again against autocratic monarchy and in 2005 / 2006 (B.S.2062/063) against tyrannical monarchy system. They stood in front line in 10 years' people war carrying modern weapons. That's result, "Nepal's Interim Constitution, 2006 (B.S. 2063) was announced with th consent of people implementing basic and human rights, peace, prosperity, further economic and social revolution maintaining Nepal's sovereignty and freedom.

Struggle of Workers & Peasants:

Due to Agricultural based country, there is lacking the Industrial Development in Nepal so, there is less numbers of united workers. Among these workers, female workers were more back-warded and more isolated. As a result, they were rarely associated in workers union. The Agriculture workers and domestic workers are regarded as more uncounted and informal in workers list.

The workers, specially relating to the Travel Trade or Hotel employees had struggled for good salary and better facilities that they did success after the mass-revolution of 2005 / 2006 (B.S. 2062 / 063) and received the increment in salary as well as 10% service charge. Similarly Carpet factory workers had also succeed to cope their demand. As per the workers demand, Industries have managed to implement the childcare section of staff workers but this system could not function effectively for longer period.

The informal workers, specially female were working in very low & basis salary / wages.

Also there was no united workers in Agriculture however the protest took place against the unhealthy wages, good seeds for crops, fertilizer etc. It is known as Makai (Maze), Sugar cane and milk struggle, on which they got success.

The first constituent assembly election was held in 2008.04.10. (B.S.2064 Chaitra 28), but could not draft constitution and dismissed. Women had revolt for their well-being, right and equality from both parliament and street. The second constituent assembly election was held in 2013.11.19 (2070 Mansir 4). For pressurizing their voice, they had organized continuous seminar, symposium, interaction and submitted memorandum letter to government. Thus, Nepal's constitution, 2015 (B.S.2072) was announced in 2015.09.20 (2072 Asoj 3). The rights of aborigine, ethnicities, women, marginalized and dalit, Madheshi, Muslim and Tarain have been addressed comparatively more than before.

Achievement of Women:

- 1. The patriarchal property right to women.
- 2. The person can get the citizenship on the name of mother, but if father is foreign, he/she can get only *Angkrit* citizenship so that it is discriminatory provision.
- 3. Women's health right
- 4. Civil right of no discrimination because of female.
- 5. Obligator provision of inclusion and reservation for women in legal system.
- 6. 33% reserved seat in every sector of state.
- 7. 40% reserved in local level.
- 8. President and vice-president, speaker and vice- speaker, president and vice- president of federal province should be male and female counterpart equally.
- 9. 40% compulsion seats for proportional lists.
- 10.20% reservation for women in Janpath police, armed police and Nepal army.
- 11. Women commission becomes constitutional commission.
- 12. Equal wage for equal work, no discrimination between male and female.
- 13. Economic evaluation for domestic work.

The women presence in political party, constituent assembly, government, constitution organization and other state structure:

S.N.	Political Parties	Total	Female	Male	%
1.	Nepali	94	18	76	19.14
	Congress				
2.	CPN(UML)	183	31	152	16.93
3.	UCPN(Maoist)	151	24	127	15.89
4.	CPN(R.Maoist)	149	21	128	14.09
5.	TMLP	115	17	98	14.78
6.	MJF,Nepal	207	21	186	10.14
7.	Sadbhabna	93	13	82	13.97
	Party				
8.	CPN(ML)	66	9	57	13.63
9.	CPN(United)	45	11	34	24.44
10.	RPP	107	17	90	15.88
11.	RJM	31	3	28	9.67
S.N	Subject	Total	Male	Female	%
1.	State Chief	female			
2.	Speaker	female			
3.	The Portion of	596	420	176	29.48
	Female in				
	Constituent				
	Assembly				
4.	Nepal Gvt.	62255	55584	6671	10.71
	(Civil Servant				
	and Women)				
5.	Chief Officer	401	352	49	12.5
6.	Justice	67226	81650	14424	17.67
7.	Nepal Police	67498	63134	4364	6.46
8.	Nepal Army	96000	92704	3296	3.43
9.	Armed Police	36000	34158	1842	5.11
10.	Public Service			1	
	Commission				
11.	CIAA			0	
12.	Election			1	
	Commission				

13.	NHRC		1	
14.	NWC		all	
15.	University vice-		0	
	chancellor			

Conclusion:

The big earthquake measured of 7.8 rector scale destroyed the huge number of human life and properties on 25 April, 2015 (2072 Baishakh 12) in Nepal. In other hand Nepal propagated New constitution "The Constitution of Nepal,2072 (2015), on 2015.09.20 (2072 Asoj 3). But still the parties are differentiated to each other for and against the constitution drafting. The opposition parties revolted for their rights and against the drafted constitution and India also made unannounced blockade. Because of impromptu blockade, Nepalese people are suffering from big economic, social and other basic problems. Industries and businesses are going to gradually close. The hotel entrepreneurs and schools are not on the way of running. Nepalese people's lives are in trouble and can't sustain on such a way.

At last- "Women of the world climbing the highest mountains." With this slogan, WWC- 2016, which is really challenging, is being commemorated in Nepal. Considering these challenges, World women move forward united with following issues:

- 1. The world women jointly will raise voice against all injustice and inequality, exploitation in name of patriarchy and high class society.
- 2. It will raise voice against exploitation in name of capitalism and religious extreme tyranny.
- 3. It is capable of raising voice against capitalism and imperialism jointly.
- 4. WWC will identify the common problems of women and move forward to solve the problems.
- 5. WWC will reach the highest mountain with cooperation and coordination.

Determined to make the second WWC-2016 grand success in Nepal.

Thanks.
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